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PROGRESSION OF NURSING EDUCATION AND RESEARCH IN INDIA

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Nursing had originated independently and existed centuries ago in India. In past, the progress of nursing has been hindered by many difficulties. Since Independence 1947, many changes have taken place and attitude toward nursing is still changing. The basic programme for combined general nursing and midwifery developed rapidly after 1871. Nursing research progression is evident by emergence of professional organizations, growth of educational institutions, research and in-depth curriculum. Indian Nursing Council is a statutory body that regulates nursing education and ensures measures for equivalence, exchange and practice for nurses in India and in abroad. Continuing nursing education supports the professional practice of nursing and the delivery of safe, evidence-based, high-quality care for patient. It supports nurses to acquire updated knowledge and skills needed to practice as technology advances. In India, nursing profession follows evidence based practice; it is booming day by day. In contest, statutory councils have initiated continuing nursing education at national and state level as a mandatory practice to renew the licensure for nursing practice. Inter professional research for nurses and inculcation of research in the curriculum echoed the impact of evidence-based practice (EBP) to improve the safety, efficiency and effectiveness of care. The nursing teacher in today's times of rapid advancement in technology is no longer be the only way for imparting knowledge and skill in classroom and in clinical setting. Integration of theoretical and practice is a demand in nursing. In India, the teaching strategies in most of the nursing colleges are still following traditional method but there are universities, which follow

advance technology in theory and clinical teaching. Name a few; simulation based learning, problem based learning, e-learning, use of multimedia in the classroom, blended learning, etc. Commonly recommended strategy to improve nursing education is to recruit more quality faculty and to support existing faculty to develop their educational provision and practice. Challenges are inadequate educational monitoring and governance at state and central level; poor physical infrastructure; lack of professional development; inadequate clinical experience etc. Opportunities are international collaborating for conferences; international partnership indicated for collaborative approach for education and research; participatory approach for entire nursing curriculum development process.

Biography

Sheetal Barde, a dynamic individual with excellent nursing and leadership skills who has a track record of delivering academic excellence in a professional manner through her academic performance. She is highly motivated, energetic and has a positive, realistic and supportive attitude towards the needs of her students. She can effectively lead and supervised students with varied level of knowledge to help them to achieve set targets. She is working as an educationalist for last 8 years. Her Passion is to teach and guide students in developing new learning strategies as well as to make them aware about their strengths. She has done her specialization in Psychiatric Nursing. To her account she has 15 research publications in Indexed Journals. Reviewer Board Member of Scopus indexed Journals. Currently she is working as Assistant Professor at Symbiosis College of Nursing, Symbiosis International University, Pune. India.

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