Patient safety climate between nursing professionals in a private hospital of the Federal District

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Abstract

Objective: To measure the patient's safety culture and climate in a private hospital according to the nursing professionals' vision.

Method: Quantitative, exploratory cross-sectional study between June and July 2018 with 313 nursing professionals. The Safety Attitudes Questionnaire (SAQ) was used to collect data. In the analysis, the Kruskal-Wallis test was used to compare the groups.

Results: The institution did not present a score for a favorable climate for patient safety. Significant differences (p <0.001) were identified between the domains: Safety climate, teamwork climate, work satisfaction, perception of stress and perception of unit management.

Conclusion: The SAQ demonstrated fragility for the safety climate and was able to detect significant needs for patient safety, indicating areas that need to be worked at the managerial level to have an impact on the operational sphere.

Keywords:
Safety patient, Culture, Nursing, Perception, Evaluation

Biography:

Cris Renata Grou Volpe has completed her PhD in Nursing from the Graduate Nursing Program University of Brasilia UNB, Brazil, at the age of 30 years. She is a professor of College of Ceilandia, University of Brasilia, Brazil. It has experience in nursing, with emphasis on fundamental nursing, medical and gerontology acting on the following topics: nursing in adult health and elderly, medicine, nursing in public health, semiotics / semiotics and nursing process. She has over 200 publications that have been cited over 200 times, and her publication H-index is 20 and has been serving as an editorial board member of reputed Journals.

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