

Methods and Analysis on Carcinoma Zhou Zhidong*

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Introduction

A case report is defined as a scientific documentation of a clinical observation which involves a detailed study of all the perspectives and parameters that come into play during the execution of a particular study, whether it might be a clinical/experimental study on a particular subject or a medical/surgical treatment. Case reports enable an individual to get a clear, relevant, and a timely study design that helps in understanding the case abruptly, which helps in directing the treatment in a right and necessary way.

Proponents of case reports have outlined some particular advantages of the format. Case reports and series have a high sensitivity for detecting novelty and therefore remain one of the cornerstones of medical progress; they provide many new ideas in medicine [1]. The quality of the scientific reporting of case reports is variable, and sub-optimal reporting hinders the use of case reports to inform research design or help guide clinical practice [2].

International Journal for Case Reports publishes papers in the fields of Cardiology, Ophthalmology, Neurology, Oncology, Nephrology, Endocrinology, Immunology, Pulmonology, Pathology, Orthopedics, Rheumatology and all other medical departments.

Methods and Analysis

Renal Cell Carcinoma (RCC) is the most common malignancy to cause metastasis to sinonasal cavity. These metastasis can occasional cause invasion into the orbit. In the case report contributed by Mahuvakar A in Volume 4, issue 2, the authors state that RCC metastasis to intraconal compartment of the orbit is a very rare phenomenon. The author concludes that capsular rupture would lead to microscopic residual disease which would entail orbital exenteration for R0 resection [3].

Melanoma is the most common malignancy of the skin. It is characterized by a high mortality rate due to his ability to metastasize to all organs. In this case, the author explained the clinical presentation of an intestinal perforation due to melanoma metastatization in an elder patient who already had bone metastases. Studies revealed that surgical approach is the most safe and effective treatment for late small bowels metastasis, and can even be lifesaver in case of intestinal perforations and peritonitis [4].

Retroperitoneal liposarcoma refers to liposarcoma arising from abdomen and pelvic retroperitoneal adipose tissue. In this case,

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the author explained about 64 year old woman was referred to hospital with complaints of abdomen right side tightness with discomfort since one month necessary investigations were done and diagnosed as retroperitoneal liposarcoma. The author concludes that liposarcomas are rare tumor that due to its retroperitoneal location does not present specific symptoms, being diagnosed when they present a large size and produce compressive symptoms. The use of the chemotherapy or radiotherapy controversial due to the low sensitive of these types of tumors [5].

CONCLUSION

Finally, before we close the chapter on case reports, further studies need to be performed from the bench to the bedside. Thus, we invite researchers to provide the results of their studies, as well as their valuable comments and views, on case reports, case studies, chemotherapy and clinical trials in this journal.

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