The global market for telemedicine is expected to surpass US$ 103 Billion by 2026. Telemedicine services are used in several medical areas, such as dermatology, gynecology, cardiology, neurology, diabetes control, psychiatry, primary healthcare, and others. The deployment of telemedicine services has significantly changed the healthcare services, due to various technological innovation in the field of medical device and services. The growing geriatric population coupled with rising prevalence of chronic diseases, the dearth of healthcare professionals worldwide, improvements in telecommunication infrastructure, and need for affordable treatment options due to rising healthcare costs are some of the factors expected to propel the growth of telemedicine market in the coming years. Some of the key factors restricting the growth of telemedicine market include lack of skilled and trained professionals in the remote areas, and privacy and security concern.

Four thousand two hundred twenty-four advertisements posted 4,992 positions. Of these positions, jobs in the Northeast (31% of positions) or single specialty groups (36.8% of positions) were most common. The relative proportion of advertisements for nephrologists declined (P<.001), while the relative proportions of advertisements for critical care specialists (0.5% in 1996 to 1.7% in 2004, P = .004) and hospitalists (1.0% in 1996 to 12.1% in 2004, P<.001) increased. Advertisements for outpatient-based generalist positions (i.e., Primary Care and Internal Medicine) declined (~2.7% relative annual change, 95% confidence interval [95% CI] −4.1%, −1.2%) between 1996 and 2004, a decrease largely due to a substantial decline in advertisements noted between 1996 and 1998. However, over the entire time period, the combined proportion of advertisements for all generalists (hospitalists and outpatient-based generalists) did not change (0.5% relative annual change, 95% CI −0.8% to 2.0%).

U.S. medical devices and pharmaceuticals have an excellent reputation and a strong marketplace in London. Health IT as well as products and drugs for the aging population (dental consumables, testing and early diagnosis technology, medical therapies, bone health, orthopedics, cancer treatments, dementia, etc.) and various devices / methods that help reduce costs (minimally invasive surgical methods / services, preventive medicine, cheaper and more efficient screening) are the best prospects.

Scope and Importance:

Internal medicine is one of the most versatile medical specialties that a physician could choose, and interns are likely to have the most career path options for any physician. Internists may be employees of a company, clinic, or hospital, or may want to open and own their own practice instead. In addition, an intern may become a hospitalist, with no additional training or education required, offering higher pay and more days off during the year in exchange for longer hours during the days of work of the hospitalist. An internist may decide to complete an additional GME (graduate medical education) in the form of a fellowship, which would require an internist to be sub-specialized in other medical disciplines and to concentrate on a certain condition category or body structure.

Upon completing their basic training in internal medicine, most interns move into work. Such physicians practice "general internal medicine" and are commonly referred to as "general internists." General interns are
equipped to deal with a wide and extensive range of diseases affecting adults and are known as specialists in diagnostics, chronic disease management and health promotion and disease prevention-not restricted to one type of medical problem or other. General internists are equipped to deal with whatever issues a patient may have—no matter how normal or unusual, or how basic or complicated. We are specially trained to solve troubled medical issues and can deal with serious chronic illnesses and conditions where several different diseases can arise at the same time.

**Target Audience:**
- Doctors, Physicians
- Medicine Practitioners
- Pharmacists
- Policy makers and Healthcare Administrators
- Private, Corporate Sector and NGO
- Scientists and Researchers
- Ayurveda Specialists
- Students and Academicians
- Hospitals and their staffs
- Professors and Business Analysts
- Medicine Researchers
- Industrialists
- Medical Executives, Practitioners Medicine
- Anyone interested in related field
- Acupuncturists
- Alternative and Complementary Medicine Practitioners and Researchers
- Business/Practice Managers

**Related Companies/Industries:**
- Mylan
- Astellas Pharma
- Novo Nordisk
- Boehringer Ingelheim
- Allergan
- Dipharma
- Silicon Biosystems
- Flamma
- Diatheva
- Menarini
- Patheon
- SI-BONE
- Bayer
- Baxter
- Flamma
- Diatech Pharmacogenetics
- Dipharma
- Axxam

**Related Associations and Societies:**
- American Board of Medical Specialties
- Aerospace Medical Association
- American Board of Emergency Medicine
- American Board of Family Medicine
- American Board of Hospital Medicine
- Australian Medical Association
- Doctors Reform Society of Australia
- National Prescribing Service
- Association of Senior Hospital Physicians
- Board of Cardiovascular Perfusion
- British Association of Dermatologists
- Drug Information Association
- European Association for Cardio-Thoracic
- European Association of Neurosurgical Societies
- European Association of Plastic Surgeons
- European Association of Radiology
- European Board for Accreditation in Cardiology