

Derivation of vascularized distal lung organoids from human ipsc for lung development and disease modeling

Abdul Qadir Syed

University of Illinois at Chicago, USA

Abstract

Organoids have shown valuable progress for disease modeling and restate functional and morphological characteristics of the organs. However, most lung organoid studies have focused on human lung epithelial subtypes. They have not to date included human endothelial cells and systematically addressed the critical role of lung vascularization on lung development, homeostasis, and disease modeling. Here we have developed a human vascularized and functional lung organoid (hLO) system by co-culturing of hPSC derived lung progenitors (LP) with either iPSC derived endothelial progenitor cells (iEC) or human lung microvascular endothelial cells (hLMVEC) to study mechanisms of human lung development and inflammatory lung injury. The co-culturing of either iEC or hLMVEC with LP play an essential role in differentiation toward distal lung organoids by inducing distal lung markers gene expression, increase percentage of alveolar type II (AT2) cells and induced wnt signaling pathway. The co-culturing also increased the expression of ACE2 and protease TMPRSS2 and shown higher permissive to SARS-CoV-2 pseudo virus entry and these increase in the vascularized hLO was due to induction specially in AT2 cells. Further, SARS-CoV-2 infection in hLO cause induction of different chemokines and cytokines including interferon signaling and in the vascularized hLO these inductions were more robust. These vascularized hLO undergo further structural and functional maturation and form functional blood vessels upon implantation into mouse kidney capsule and showed massive influx of mouse neutrophils into vascularized hLO in respond to the LPS challenge. Our vascularized hLO allow new approach for studying human lung development and disease modeling for acute lung injury including COVID-19-disease.

Received: May 04, 2022; **Accepted:** May 15, 2022; **Published:** May 29, 2022

Biography

I am a Research assistant professor with in-depth knowledge and experience of stem cell, developmental biology, cancer, cancer stem cell, epigenetics, and microRNA and in biomedical research. As a visiting assistant professor at University of Illinois my main focus to develop iPSC-derived human vascularized lung organoids: for modeling homeostasis and Injury and resolution.

During my postdoc at Northwestern University, I was focused on the mechanisms of Fas (CD95), a death receptor and Interferon mediated cancer stem cell formation. During my PhD, I have subsequently gained experience in relationship between miRNA and Stem cell differentiation especially towards osteogenesis, myogenesis and adipogenesis.