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Catastrophizing, pain self-efficacy and acceptance in patients with Burning Mouth Syndrom Pavneet Chana King's College Hospital

ABSTRACT: Burning mouth syndrome (BMS) can negatively impact health-related quality of life (HRQoL) and is linked to anxiety and depressive disorders. Less is known about pain-related cognitions in BMS and how they affect mood and health. To describe pain catastrophising, pain self-efficacy and chronic pain acceptance in BMS patients and explore associations with affective function and HRQoL. A cross-sectional study of 36 BMS patients (31 female) referred to an Orofacial Pain Clinic completed the Pain Catastrophizing Scale, the Pain Self-Efficacy Questionnaire and the Chronic Pain Acceptance Questionnaire-8 in addition to standardised self-reported questionnaires measuring mood and oral and generic HRQoL.

Biography: Pavneet is currently completing her dental core training at King's College Hospital in Oral Surgery. She has a keen interest in facial pain and has published multiple times in peer reviewed journals on the topic.



Publication: 1. Complex Dentistry in General Practice

2.Interactive Treatment Planning in Toothwear

3.Prosthodontics Debate on the Implications of the Minamata Convention on Mercury to Dental Amalgam

4. Audience response systems in higher education: applications and cases

5.Review of Poll Everywhere Audience Response System.

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