



Analysis of the Usefulness of classification to cold sensitivity (Hie) using skin perfusion pressure

Takashi Kimura

Aso Rehabilitation college, Japan

Abstract:

Cold sensitivity is common in women, and has influenced on women's health and Quality of life. However, the intervention for cold sensitivity (Hie) is not positively due to just perceived as one of syndromes of a peripheral circulatory disturbance. Moreover, the diagnosis for cold sensitivity depends on subjective. The usefully objective indicator to diagnosis is unclear. Thus, objectify evaluation of improved cold sensitivity is deficient either
This study was suggested the usefulness of classification to cold sensitivity. The planta pedis SPP as the objective indicator was effective for classification of Hie. That is possible that SPP as the objectify evaluation of Hie is to be a measure for diagnosis or intervention evaluation.



Biography:

Takashi Kimura have completed PhD from graduate school of medical science at Saga University. My research field is a peripheral circulatory failure, especially cold sensitivity in women.

Publications:

Takashi kimura, pathological and immunohistochemical analysis of naturally occurring Equine glanders

[2nd International Conference on women's Health, Gynecology & Obstetrics, July 06-07, 2020, Osaka, Japan](#)

Abstract Citation: [Takashi Kimura, Analysis of usefulness of classification to cold sensitivity\(Hie\) Using skin Perfusion pressure, womens health 2020, July 06-07, 2020, Osaka, japan](#)